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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/107,684	06/30/1998	STEVEN M. BLUMENAU	E0295/7040-R	8390
75	590 04/30/2003			
RICHARD F GIUNTA WOLF GREENFIELD & SACKS FEDERAL RESERVE PLAZA 600 ATLANTIC AVENUE BOSTON, MA 022102211			EXAMINER	
			ENCARNACION, YAMIR	
			· ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
BOSTON, MA	022102211		2186	28
			DATE MAILED: 04/30/2003	$\propto o$

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/107,684	BLUMENAU ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
_	Yamir Encarnacion	2186				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.134 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply: - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period with the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, and any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing of earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 F	<u>ebruary 2003</u> .					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-49 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	n from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-49</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers	election requirement.					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. So	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disappro	ved by the Examiner.				
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received in Applicati	on No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic		·				
 a) The translation of the foreign language proving the strength of the strength						
Attachment(s)	· .					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal F	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claim 31 is objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of claim 30. Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form.

35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claim Rejections

3. Claims 1-6, 8-17, and 19-49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Starek* (USPN: 5,991,778) in view of *Rao* (USPN: 5,920,733).

Claimed	Starek	
21. In a computer system including a storage	Starek describes a personal computer	
system and a host computer coupled thereto,	including a storage device such as a hard disk	
the storage system including a cache memory	drive, a ZIP drive, a floppy drive, tape drive,	
and at least one storage device,	writeable CD ROM drive. See column 3,	
	lines 1-14. Column 4, line 38 mentions disk	
	caches.	
a method of writing information to a logical	Starek describes a method of writing	
object of the host computer, the method	information to a file (which reads on the	
comprising, in response to a communication	claimed "logical object") in response to a	
received from the host computer, acts of:	communication from an application in	
	response to a communication received from	
	the application.	

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(A) generating, [within the storage system],	When deleting a file, the driver within the	
data that is independent of any data passed	operating system described by Starek	
from the host computer to the storage system	generates a specified overwrite array. Column	
to be written to a plurality of storage locations	5, lines 33-36 explains that the "specified	
on the at least one storage device	array can be any desired pattern of characters	
corresponding to the logical object of the host	or data and can be user defined or default to a	
computer; and	pre-defined pattern." See also, column 5,	
	lines 42-48.	
(B) writing the generated data to only the	See figure 4, step 38.	
plurality of storage locations corresponding to		
the logical object.		

In *Starek* the host generates the data to be written to the file that is to be securely deleted.

Stated otherwise, the storage device described in *Starek* does not generate the data to be written to the file that is to be securely deleted.

Rao explains that disk drive controllers like the one described by Starek are fairly unintelligent and do not perform functions without being commanded by a host computer. See Rao column 1, lines 20-24. Rao further explains that the functions performed within the host computer to control the disk drive prevent the host computer from performing other tasks. See Rao, column 1, lines 25-27. In order to provide an improvement over unintelligent disk drive

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controllers such as the one used by *Starek*, *Rao* suggests of modifying disk drives so as to allow them to execute activities that would have been performed by then host when connected to an unintelligent disk drive. The modified disk drives suggested by *Rao* free the host computer to perform other activities. See *Rao*, column 1, lines 58-61. In view of *Rao*, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to off-load the secure delete method described by *Starek* from the host to an intelligent disk drive like the one described by *Rao* for the purpose of freeing the host computer to perform other activities.

As to claim 22, see *Rao*, figure 2, the controller board 202.

As to claim 27, see *Starek*, column 4, lines 21-22 describing of the translation of a logical request to a physical sector request.

As to claim 28, see the comments for claim 21 and 27 above.

As to claim 29, the combination meets the limitation of the claim.

As to claims 30-33, see *Starek*'s figure 2 and column 3, lines 32-44.

As to claim 34, the combination would have met the limitation of the claim because the mapping information would have been located on the host side and the intelligent disk drive would have had to obtain the physical locations of the storage locations storing a desired file.

As to claims 35-36, the combination meets the limitation of the claim.

As to claim 37, while not clearly explained by the combination, it would have been obvious to those of ordinary skill in the art that files were fragmented in the environment

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described by the combination. Secure deletion of fragmented files would have met the limitation of the claim.

As to claim 38, *Starek* mentions RAID on column 4, lines 39-40. A stripped volume would have met the limitation of the claim.

As to claim 39, see the comments for claim 37 and 38.

As to claim 40, see the comments for claim 37.

As to claims 41-42, see the comments for claim 34.

As to claim 43, see the comments for claim 35 above.

As to claim 44, see the comments for claim 36 above.

As to claim 45, see the comments for claim 37 above.

As to claims 46-47, see the comments for claim 38 above.

As to claim 48, see the comment for claim 37 above.

As to claim 49, the combination meets the limitation of the claim.

As to claim 1, see the comments for claims 36-37 above.

As to claim 2, see the comments for claim 22 above.

As to claim 3, see the comments made for claims 21-22. Note the specified array.

As to claim 4-6, see the comments made for claim 38 above.

As to claim 8, see the comments for claim 4, 5, and 21 above.

As to claim 9, see the comments for claim 4, 5, and 3 above.

As to claim 10, see *Rao*, figure 4, the processing circuitry 230.

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As to claim 11, see the comments for claim 6 above.

As to claim 12, see the comments for claim 1 above.

As to claim 13, see the comments for claim 2 above.

As to claim 14, see the comments for claim 3 above.

As to claim 15, see the comments for claim 4 above.

As to claim 16, see the comments for claim 5 above.

As to claim 17, see the comments for claim 6 above.

As to claim 19, see the comments for claim 8 above.

As to claim 20, see the comments for claim 9 above.

As to claim 23, see the comments for claim 5 above.

As to claim 24, see the comments for claim 21 above.

As to claim 25, see the comments for claim 23 above.

As to claim 26, see the comments for claim 24 above.

4. Claims 7 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Starek/*Rao as applied to claim 4 and 15 above, and further in view of the MS-DOS Del command (MS-DOS User's Reference, Microsoft Corporation, 1987, pp. 56).

The *Starek/Rao* combination does not explicitly describe a single command separately identifying two storage locations.

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As explained in the MS-DOS User's Reference, the MS-DOS delete command could be used to delete "more than one file at a time" by allowing for multiple files to be specified for deletion via the single command.

A person of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious to implement a delete command capable of deleting more than one file at a time like the one described by the MS-DOS reference for the purpose of gaining increased flexibility over say a delete command that allowed only for one file to be deleted at a time. Accordingly, a person of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious to modify the delete command in the *Starek/Rao* combination (if such a modification was needed) so as to allow for more than one file to be deleted at one time for the purpose of achieving increased flexibility.

The examiner notes that the environment in *Starek* is disclosed to be Windows 95. While not explained by *Starek*, Windows 95 in built "on top" of MS-DOS. Because MS-DOS is a subset of Windows 95, Windows 95 incorporates a Delete command analogous to the MS-DOS delete command.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this or an earlier communication from the Examiner should be directed to Yamir Encarnacion by phone at (703) 308-5466.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew Kim, can be reached on (703) 305-3821.

Any formal response to this action intended for entry should be mailed to Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Washington, D.C. 20231 or faxed to (703) 746-7239 and labeled "FORMAL" or "OFFICIAL." Any informal or draft communication should be faxed to (703) 746-7240 and labeled "INFORMAL" or "UNOFFICIAL" or "DRAFT" or "PROPOSED" and followed by a phone call to the Examiner at the above number. Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington. VA., Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

YEE

Yamir Encarnacion

Patent Examiner

April 28, 2003

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINED
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2122